



AFTER THE ATTEMPT: WHY SUICIDE SURVIVORS SEEK OR SHUN HELP

KEY FINDINGS

EXPLORING INFLUENCES IN HELPSEEKING BEHAVIOUR AMONG
INDIVIDUALS WITH LIVED EXPERIENCE
OF SUICIDAL BEHAVIOURS IN MALAYSIAN
GOVERNMENT HEALTH FACILITIES

INTRODUCTION

Suicide is one of the leading public health concerns worldwide. Similarly, in Malaysia, NHMS 2023 reported that 43.6% of individuals aged 16 years and above have suicide ideation. One in ten adolescents was reported to have attempted suicide. However, research on help-seeking among individuals with lived experience of suicidal behaviors in Malaysia is still limited and there is a gap for exploration and understanding on the matter.

OBJECTIVE

To study the factors that influence help-seeking of individuals with lived experience of suicidal behaviour.

METHODOLOGY

STUDY POPULATION

aged 18 and older with lived experience of suicidal behaviour AND undergoing treatment in Malaysian government health facilities during the study period

INSTRUMENT

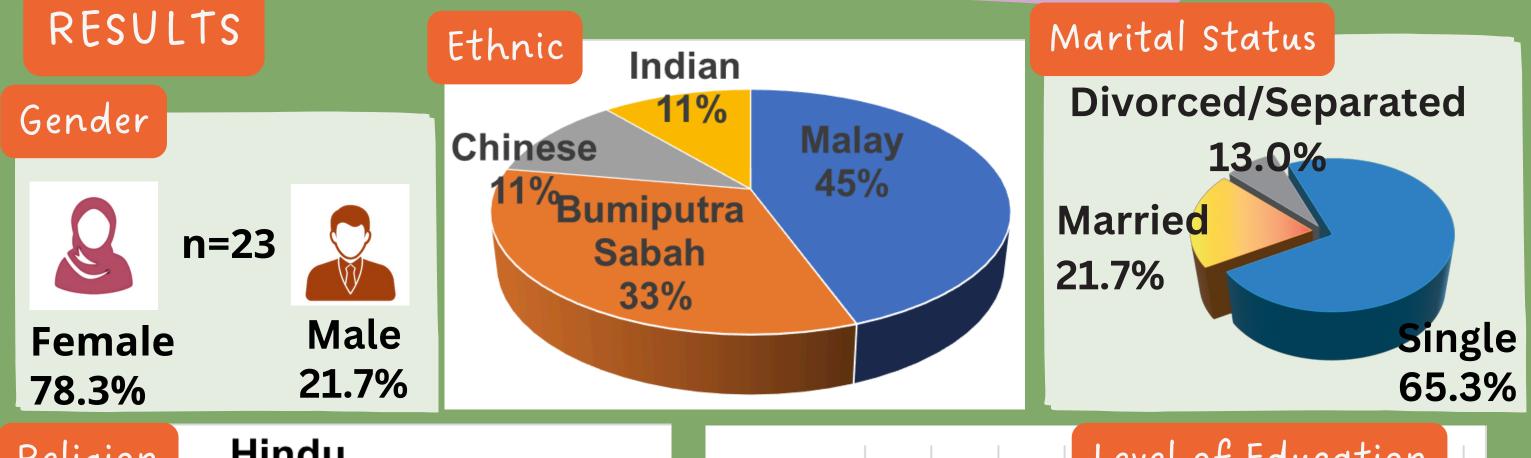
- In-depth interviews (IDI) using semi-structured interview guideline
- Patient Health Questionnaire-9
 (PHQ-9) was used to screen and identify eligible participants

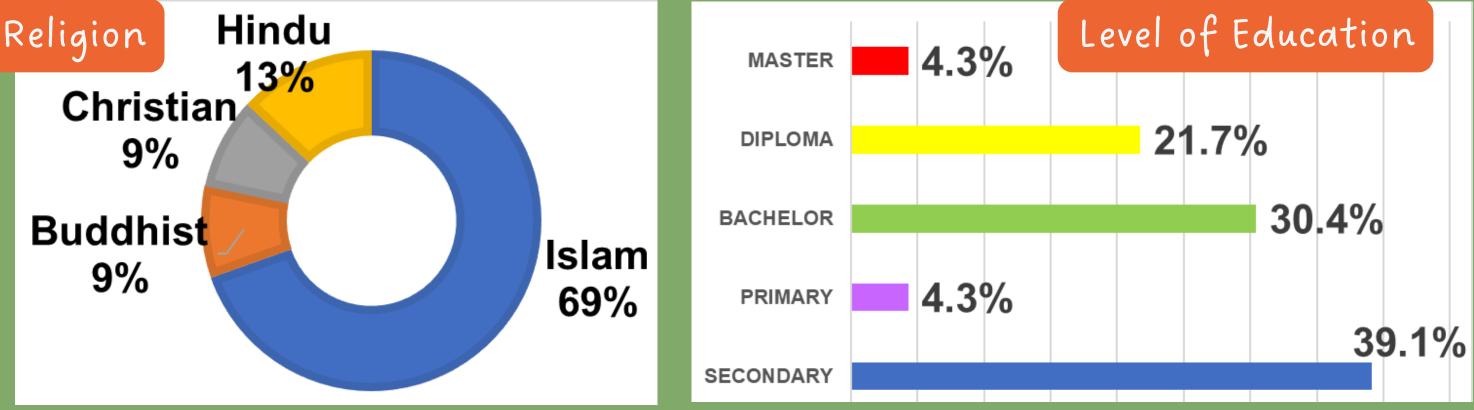
SAMPLING

- Purposive sampling based on a maximum variation matrix
- Namelist received from psychologists in facilities involved
- Interviews and data analysis done up to saturation level achieved

DATA COLLECTION

September 2023 - March 2024





7 THEMES FOR HELP-SEEKING FACILITATORS

EXPERIENCE

REFERRAL

SUPPORT

SELF-INITIATIVE ACCESSIBILITY AWARENESS

7 THEMES FOR HELP-SEEKING BARRIERS

PERCEIVED NEGATIVE EXPERIENCE **PERCEIVED SELF MANAGE**

LACK OF KNOWLEDGE

HOPELESSNESS

PERCEIVED LACK OF INFORMATION

STRUCTURAL

STIGMA

5 THEMES FOR HELP-SEEKING PERSPECTIVES

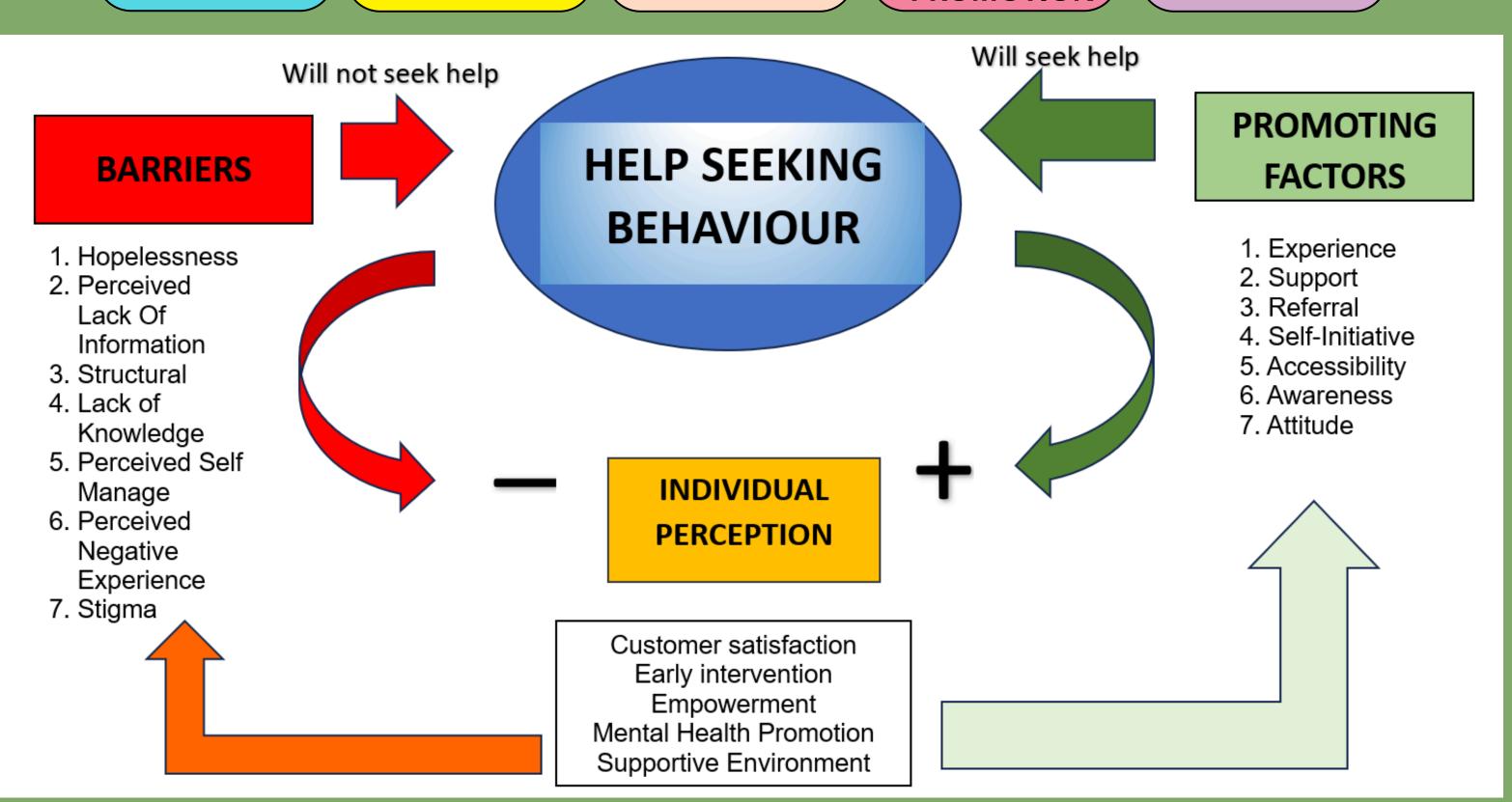
CUSTOMER SATISFICTION

EARLY INTERVENTION

EMPOWERMENT

MENTAL HEALTH PROMOTION

SUPPORTIVE ENVIRONMENT



DISCUSSION

Based on the analysis, the help-seeking behaviour among individuals with history of suicidal behaviour can be divided into facilitating factors, barriers and the individuals' own perspective. There is a close relationship between the individuals' intention to seek help and their perspective on getting help itself. An individual with a positive perception on any or part of the five themes of perspective discussed will result in a positive outcome, acting as a motivating factor. On the other hand, a negative perception can result in a negative outcome, creating a barrier to the individual's help-seeking behaviour.

CONCLUSION

The clients' perspective on mental health and mental health services itself are important components to be taken into consideration when planning for suicide intervention programmes. Understanding these factors could assist the relevant stakeholders in developing the best intervention for treatment and suicide prevention in the country.

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DISCLAIMER:

The views, interpretation, implications, conclusions and recommendations are those of the author alone and do not necessarily represent the opinions of the investigators participating in the project nor the views or policy of the Ministry of Health, Malaysia.