

RISK PERCEPTIONS ON MEDICAL MARIJUANA: A GLIMPSE OF MALAYSIAN ADULTS





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INTRODUCTION

Marijuana, derived from the Cannabis sativa plant, is a popular substance with various slang names and is consumed through different methods and is able to give effects. Measuring perceptions of the potential risks associated with marijuana use is a useful method to predict future usage, as it has proven to be a reliable predictor in the past.

Decriminalisation, the removal of criminal sanctions while maintaining legal restrictions, is considered an alternative approach to drug-related issues and many countries have adopted decriminalisation strategies tailored to their contexts. The decriminalisation of medical marijuana involves granting legal access to patients based on evidence. However, the longterm effects of medical marijuana use among vulnerable populations require further investigation.



To identity the perception of health risk related to medical marijuana use

METHODOLOGY



Study Design: Cross-sectional study using an online survey



Study Population:

Malaysian who are 18 years and older, including users and nonusers of marijuana



Sample Size: 2,047 people



Sampling Technique: Snowball sampling technique

Inclusion Criteria: Aged 18 and above, have access to the internet, and are able to understand Malay or English language

SOCIO-DEMOGRAPHIC DATA (*only stated the highest)



AP14

RESULTS



CONCLUSION

In conclusion, this study provides valuable insights into the risk perceptions and attitudes of the respondents towards medic al marijuana and decriminalization. However, it is essential to consider the distinct contexts of medical and recreational marijuana use and to base any future policy decisions on comprehensive scientific evidence and expert recommendations. Further research, including focus group discussions, can contribute to a more

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comprehensive understanding of public attitudes and inform future policies related to medical marijuana and decriminalization.

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